For full report see page 16.

Submarine Practices.

Officials point out that while the

ferman reply does not give any ex

plicit assurances on the subject, actual

manders in the last two months has

een to visit neutral ships and to giv warning to belligerent merchantmen, thus enabling crews to be transferred to boats in case destruction of a ves-

sel as a prize is determined upon. Consul General Washington, at Liv

Held Today by Prominent

Republicans in New York.

SAYS WEST FAVORS PARTY

Revival of Roosevelt Feared, and

Some Active Work, Under the

National Comitteeman Duncan of North

of Ohio and several leaders from near-

Republican party prospects generally

and republican presidential candidacies

are under discussion. Senator Crane

interest in national politics and is earnestly intent at this time upon bringing about closer relations be-tween the old line republicans and the returning progressives. While no one is authorized to state it, he is known

to be very much interested in the candidacy of Senator Weeks for the republican nomination for the presidency.

Says West Favors Republicans.

Senator-elect Curtis of Kansas, co-op-

erating with National Committeeman

David Mulvane of the Sunflower state

has been keeping in touch with repub

lican conditions in the states of his sec

tion, and his judgment is held in high

east reports of general political condi-

tions in the west being highly favor

not make a declaration on presidential

candidates, but will send to the conven-

tion a delegation of high-class repub

SENATOR-ELECT CURTIS

WASHINGTON, D. C., WEDNESDAY, JULY 14, 1915-TWENTY PAGES.



No. 20,013.

say with reference to Germany's refusal to disavow the intention to destroy American lives on the Lusltania has not crystallized definitely in the informal discussions in official quarters. Suggestions are heard that the German government might be informed that the United States intended to continue to press for a settlement of the case, and would keep it constantly to the front as a diplomatic issue of prime importance between the two countries. The general view in official quarters is that irrespective of what course should be followed in the Lusitania case, a statement of the purpose of the United States to assert its rights, notwithstanding Germany's inhibitions on the use of belligerent ships by Americans, seems most likely to be made in the next note. That such action would not necessarily lead to a rupture in relations is generally recognized, unless an overt act or flagrant violation of the principles for which the United States has been contending should ensue. PRESIDENT TO SEEK **VIEWS OF ADVISERS**

Will Ascertain How Members of Cabinet Feel in German Situation Before Acting.

IMPRESSION IN BERLIN U. S. IS NOT IN EARNEST

Mr. Wilson and Administration Of ficials Realize Crucial Point Has Been Reached.

CORNISH, N. H., July 14.-Presiden Wilson began his third day's consideration of the German situation today

wilson began his third day's consideration of the German situation to days after a game of golf with Dr. Cary T. Grayson. He planned to take an automobile ride with members of his family in the afternoon.

President Wilson will not decide finally on the next step in his German policy for several days, and not unit he has ascertained fully the ideas of Secretary Lansing and other members of his cabinet. While it will be his decision that will finally determine the course of the United States he seems the there fore the members of the cabinet already have a good idea of what the President's general thoughts are, and therefore the memorandum which is being prepared by Secretary Lansing is expected to fit in with the Fresident's complains.

Think U. S. Not in Earnest. It is said here that the President to won plans.

Think U. S. Not in Earnest. It is said here that the President's form the measurement of the United States has been the impression, appears and covery and the present situation. One of the difficulties which some of his advisers believe have kept Germany from acquiescing more with the position of the United States has been the impression, appear of the cabinet and an autonomous distance. The American ship Normandy was approached, by a German submarite commanders the ship Normandy was approached, by a German submarite to design the present situation and the capture of the members of the cabinet and the present situation and the capture of the members of the capture of the present situation and the capture of the members of the capture of the present situation and the capture of the members of the capture of the present situation and the capture of the capture of the present situation and the capture of the capture believe have kept Germany from acquiescing more with the position of the United States has been the impression, apparently current in Berlin, that the United States is not in earnest. Although nothing could be obtained from the President for publication, it is indicated here that he realizes with gravity the daties of the United States to protect its rights. President Wilson is receiving telegrams from various individuals and organizations in different parts of the country. Although the tone of the messages varied, it was said generally the senders urged the President to stand by the position already assumed by the United States for the "freedom of the seas."

of the seas."

Despite the physical and mental secusion in which the President is studying the question, he is keeping in close touch with his most confidential advisers in Washington. Although Mr. Witson has not ye begun the actual preparation of the American reply, and will not put it in final shape until he confers with Mr. Lansing and others of his advisers, he is understood to have obtained a very comprehensive idea of the situation.

Reply to the German Note **Awaits President's Return** From His Summer Home

Pending the return of President Wilson from Cornish, N. H., it was believed here today there would be no further developments in the situation that has arisen between Germany and marine warfare.

Just when the President would re

Just when the President would return to take up with his cabinet the latest German note was not definitely known, but the President in a dispatch to Secretary Tumulty said that he would be here soon. The supposition is that he will be in Washington the last of the week, and that the subject will be considered at Tuesday's cabinet meeting. President's telegram was giver

The President's telegram was given out as a White House statement, and ended rumors concerning his attitude toward the German reply. It indicated that the President had reached no decision as to the policy of the government, and it is believed to have been called forth by statements that he already had made up his mind and that he did not view the situation as seriously as some of his advisers.

The statement said the President was giving the German note his closest attention, keeping constantly in touch with Secretary Lansing, and that as soon as both had considered maturely the situation the President would return personally to confer with Mr. Lansnig and the cabinet, after which there would be as prompt an announcement as possible of the purposes of the government.

President's Statement.

The White House statement was as

"Referring to statements appearing in certain morning newspapers with eference to the attitude of the President toward the reply of the German Secretary Tumulty gave out the following telegram which he had received from the President:

"Please say that from the moment of esteem by the practical politicians of the arrival of the official text of the the east. Senator-elect Curtis brough German note I have given the matter German note I have given the matter the closest attention, keeping constantily in touch with the Secretary of State and with every source that would throw light on the situation; that so soon as the Secretary of State and I have both maturely considered the situation I shall go to Washington to get into personal conference with him and with the cabinet and that there will be as prompt an announcement as will be as prompt an announcement as possible of the purpose of the govern-It originally was President Wilson's

intention to summon Secretary Lansing to Cornish, but the plan has been siven up. Secretary Lansing and other cabinet members continued today to view the situation as grave, but gave no hint as to how the problem should be met. Mr. Lansing and his assistants have been canvassing the entire field of law and policy presented by the German and policy presented by the German note, and the President already has received some of the memoranda bear-ing on important points.

Crucial Point Has Arrived.

Emphasis has been laid in official quarters on the fact that the issues in volved are of such seriousness and importance that consideration for a week more of the kind of reply that should be made ought not to be con should be made ought not to be construed as meaning that the necessity for a firm definition of American policy was underestimated.

So far as can be gathered here, the products will be made as to the tenor of today's conference, for it is being held with utmost secrecy, and there is more likely to be a denial than that

So far as can be gathered here, the President will find his advisers practically unanimous in the belief that the crucial point in the correspondence with Germany over submarine warfare has arrived, and that if the American has arrived, and that if the American government is not to recede from its previously announced position on the principles involved, the next note must convey more or less pointedly the purposes of the United States in the event of further violations of American rights in the war zone.

Just what the United States should

PARIS, July 14.-Capt. Leopold von minister, has enlisted as a volunteer in the 11th Regiment of Dragoons, of which his son is a member and which is fighting on the Italian front, ac-cording to a Havas dispatch from

IS NOT YET READY

TO APPOINT BOARD Secretary Daniels Considering List of Experts for Navy

BELIEVES WORK IN VIEW WILL BE OF VAST BENEFIT

Advisory Bureau.

Orville Wright and Hudson Maxim Express Willingness to Serve

in Capacity Designated.

Gossip continued here today as to the make-up of the proposed civilian advisory board of inventors and tech-

inventor and maker of guns and explosives; Orville Wright, one of two brothers who led the world in aeroplane flight; Simon Lake, submarine inventor; Lewis Nixon, shipbuilder and former navad officer; Alexander Graham Bell, inventor of the telephone; John Hays Hammond, jr., and R. A. Fessenden, radio communication experts; J. B. Walker, editor of a scientific magazine and an inventor of note, and a score of others, many of them former navy officers now in private life.

of Congress prohibiting the acceptance by the government of voluntary servelces. As there is no provision for remuneration for the proposed board it was suggested that law might prove an obstacle and require a specific authorization by Congress. Mr. Daniels said he had not examined the law, but he thought it would be possible to avoid conflict with it. "I can ask advice of whom I please," he said. "It is not necessary there should be definite and legal organization."

Plans Not Complete.

Mr. Daniels indicated that he had not Important Conference Being

Mr. Daniels indicated that he had not ret developed anything like a complete working plan for the inventive bureau He has in view, however, the concen ration of such navy experimental stations as the coal-testing plant at An-napolis, the tank for testing full models at the navy yard here and the

Some Active Work, Under the Surface, to Begin Soon.

BY N. O. MESSENGER.

NEW YORK, July 14.—An important conference of republicans of national prominence is being held today in the apartments of former Senatoor W. Murray Crane of Massachusetts, at the Biltmore Hotel, in this city. Among those in the meeting are Senator Penrose of Pennsylvania, Senator-elect Charles Curtis of Kansas, who came east especially to attend the conference (Charles D. Hilles, chairman of the republican national committee; National Comitteeman Duncan of North Committee Senator Senator Charles Curtis Work (Charles Curtis Committee). The senator of the republican national committee; National Comitteeman Duncan of North Committee Senator Senator Charles Curtis Work (Charles Curtis Charles National Comitteeman Duncan of North Tarolina, Former Senator Charles Dick the various bureaus and the details perfected so as to insure successful operaty states.

Requires Careful Thought.

"The selection of the members while out of public life, takes deep ful thought, but I hope to announce interest in national politics and is them shortly. In a broad way, the underlying idea is to make available the to improve our navy. It is American inventive genius that has made prac tical the iron-clad, the submarine and the aeroplane. In one way, it is our greatest military asset, which, in the past, has been of more value to us than many regiments of troops or ships of the line, and I feel sure that it will not fail us now. Under the stress of actual war conditions other countries have taken up devices which we were first to appreciate and utilize and make practical, and, by concentrating the attention of the best minds that the countries possessed, have carried them to a high stage of development; and we should not only keep up with the procession, but take our natural place just a little ahead of the others in new weapons of defense.

"The heads of our various bureaus are men who have risen splendidly to this necessity, and they are doing all that could possibly be expected along these lines. it will not fail us now. Under the

andidates, but will send to the convention a delegation of high-class republicans who will unite in the deliberations to select a strong candidate.

It is known in New York that there is aroused activity among republicans everywhere over the political possibilities bound up in the German situation. It is felt that if President Wilson, after the splendid support given him by the country, does not succeed in securing a satisfactory settlement of the German situation, and if this country at large, that men of inventive in humilisted, the President will be under a storm of condemnation and the democratic administration will go on the rocks. In such event many republicans fear a revival of Roosevelt, thinking that he would seize the opportunity to get into the limelight as a presidential candidate.

Active Work Soon to Begin.

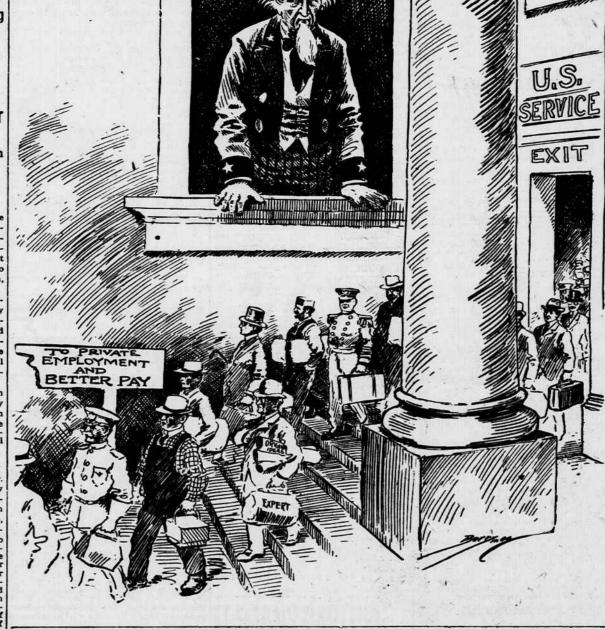
It is predicted that the next few weeks will witness some active work, under the surface, in the direction of securing an understanding among republicans to combat a renaissance of Roosevelt, It is not probable that any statement will be made as to the tenor of today's conference, for it is being more likely to be a denial than that anything happened.

Statesman a Volunteer Soldier.

PARIS, July 14.—Capt. Leopold von

No Suggestion Overlooked.

"By the creation of this machiner impracticable in their details but which



Army Bureau Already Operating. At the War Department It was pointcontemplated for the navy had been in operation for many years and achieved notable results. It is known as the

prospect that a civillan advisory board for the army would also be created.

Orville Wright Accepts.

NEW YORK, July 14 .- Orville Wright, who was among those suggested to of the proposed civilian advisory board of 6,600 feet. of inventors and technical experts, was quoted here today as saving that he ould accept membership in the board rizia. if invited. He said that he had not, as yet, received such an invitation.

"I have had talks with Thomas A cers, who realize the necessity of prefleet," said Mr. Wright. "Army and navy officers agree that we should have from 1,000 to 1.300 aeroplanes for im-

mediate duty. "The board undoubtedly will be a in forcing back the Italians. The Italians good thing if the members will stick were reinforced, however, and regained good thing if the members will stick to its advisory function and not try to overstep it. The officers of the army and navy are very efficient and some of them are wonderful engineers. There is no doubt that they know what they are doing. I do not think an outsider should tell them what to do and how to do it. The work of the proposed board should be confined to suggestions." suggestions.

Maxim Glad to Serve. Hudson Maxim, whose name also was

suggested to Mr. Daniels, said he would e glad to serve on the new board. "It is a mighty good idea," said Mr. "I do not know what the powers of the board will be, but I am sure it will be a great benefit to the government and I think it is the duty of every patriotic American to serve if he is asked."

BRITISH LAMENT LACK OF TRUTH IN REPORTS

America Said to Hold German Statements as the More Reliable.

LONDON, July 14, 11:47 a.m.-"Onour assets in the war was our power to tell the exact truth from day to day bout the military operations. This asset has been lost." So says the Manchester Guardian to day under the heading of "The war in

landers, by a student of the war.

The writer adds:

The writer adds:

"The German reports, when allowance is made for occasional exaggeration of victories and for an intelligent anticipation of events, are quite as reliable as our own. It is the more necessary to make this clear, as we have several times made much of inaccuracies in the German reports of military operations.

"Impartial American opinion ranks of truthfulness of German reports of land operations above our own. To many Englishmen the lack of frankness in the official reports is the most discouraging thing in the war."

"The German truthe above leaders declare it is purely a matter between the curious and not due to outside influence.

Walter J. Penfield, U. S. A., retired, head of the arms company, expresses in the difficulties are due to the work of German sympathizers, who wish to hinder the shipment of land operations above our own. To many Englishmen the lack of frankness in the official reports is the most discouraging thing in the war."

The German reports defined time, and the labor leaders declare it is purely a matter between the presiding officer, Dr. Karl Helfferich, the secretary of the German impression time, and the labor leaders declare it is purely a matter between the presiding officer, Dr. Karl Helfferich, the secretary of the German impression to the secretary of the German impression to outside influence.

Walter J. Penfield, U. S. A., retired, head of the arms company, expresses in the difficulties are due to the difficulties a

ENEMY'S DEFENSES

Reported to Have Taken Two Miles of the Austrian Trenches.

GENEVA, Switzerland, July River Drave, fifty-two miles

northwest of Laibach. Dragged Guns to Heights. The Alpine troops, these advices say,

dragged their artillery to the heights near ecretary Daniels as possible members Roskofel, which is situated at an altitude The Italians also are said to have cap-

tured two important ports south of Go-A dispatch from Laibach says a strong

Italian cavalry patrol reconnoitering re-cently made a daring dash toward Trieste and arrived within three miles of the town and then retired,
An Austrian attempt to invade Italian
territory at Kreuzberg was repulsed with

Italians Forced Back. The Austrians succeeded at Kellerwald

Mai. Penfield was in conference today with F. J. Pryor and other officials of the arms company from New York, and it was thought a statement would be

A conference also was held by the national labor leaders now in the city, but nothing was given out concerning

Twenty-five more metal workers joined the ranks of the strikers today, making the number now out more than **Nearly a Thousand Apply**

for Employment in Arms

ceived today by the Tribune from thousand applications for employment Villach, an Austrian town on the in the new Eddystone, Pa., plant have been received from machinists in and near Washington. An effort to ascertain exactly how many men the company would employ by contract from this city today brought forth the answer that "as many as could prove themselves worthy would be taken." So far no actual employment has ranspired, and it could not be found

that any navy yard employes have re-

signed so far.

A fair number of applicants called on Walter F. Smith of the arms company in his hotel today, and all of them asked about their chances in view of the publication of a dispatch from Bridgeport announcing the threat of a strike or walkout in the arms company's Bridgeport plant.

They were told that even if trouble should close down the Bridgeport works the Eddystone plant managers claim that much of the work would be transferred there.

A recent arrival in the city from Eddystone is giving even more optimistic views as to the prospect of work at Eddystone than the first representative who arrived here ten days ago for recruiting purposes.

Mr. Smith was asked exactly how many navy yard men would leave the city. In brief his renly was that

CARRANZA TO OFFER **GENERAL AMNESTY**

Will Issue Law to Induce Opponents to Assist in Restoring Peace.

PROMISES PROTECTION TO ALL IN CAPITAL

Villa Agency Here Declares Obregot Has Been Cut Off From Supply Base.

In an effort to hasten the restoration of peace in Mexico Gen. Carranza, in his capacity as first chief of the constitutionalists, will issue an amnest; law "in an endeavor to have those who are in error return to the true path and to restore peace and order in the republic," according to a dispatch reeived by the Carranza agency here oday from Gen. Carranga.

It was said at the State Departmen today that so far no representations have been made to this government by the Carranzistas looking to recognitio of the constitutionalists by the United States. The belief is, however, that in view of recent constitutional successes a strong effort will be made by the followers of Carranza to obtain recognition by this country within a shor

In his dispatch to the Carranza agen y here the first chief said, in part:
"With reference to the occupation of Mexico City, Gen. Pablo Gonzales will mexico City, Gen. Pablo Gonzales will afford all kinds of guarantees to na-tives and foreigners. He has instruc-tions from me severely to punish all crimes against property. "Within a few days I will, in my capacity of first chief, issue an amnesty law in an endeavor to have those in error return to the true path and to restore peace and order in the repub-lic."

Supplies Enter Capital.

Reports received here state that nor mal conditions are being brought about in Mexico City as rapidly as possible

Mexico City as rapidly as possible.

Gen. Carranza has ordered the erection of a wireless station at Chapultepec to insure constant communication between Mexico City and Vera Cruz, American Consul Silliman at Vera Cruz réported today after having been in direct communication with the Brazilian minister in the capital.

Food supplies, chiefly corn, are arriving in the city, Mr. Silliman added, and Gen. Gonzales has announced that he will give preference to supply trains over troop trains entering the city.

At a conference yesterday between the Brazilian minister, the British charge and representatives of the Carranza forces, full guarantees of protection were given, with the notice that there would be severe punishment for any infraction of the order. Consul Silliman also confirmed other dispatches from Mexico City, that Gen. Gonzales had recaptured the water works which had been cut off by the Zapata forces evacuating the city.

Another message to the State Department said Gen. Villa evidently had evacuated Aguascalientes, his forces, which had been in conflict with Gen. Obregon's troops near that point, proceeding northward. Communication

Villa Advices.

Gen. Villa's forces, it was announced by his agents here today, are continu-ing a campaign toward Mexico City. the receipt of a dispatch stating that tacks against the British in Belgium. Queretaro vesterday, had completely solated Gen. Obregon and his forces from their base of supplies.

A statement issued by the Villa along the line without marked ad-

gency follows:
"The confidential agency, on author-"The conndential agency, on authority from Gen. Villa, wishes to deny emphatically the report that he is to relinquish his position as commander-in-chief in favor of Gen. Jose Isabel Robles, or that there is any movement afoot among his generals aiming at such action."

Story of Mexico City's Fall Is Told in Message Received Here From Carranza Agency

JULIUSER TO END WAR, WASTER TELLS BANKEN

WASTER TELLS BANKEN

AUSTRELIS BANKEN

AUT

ville.—A cointerence in Berlin of the finance ministers of the several German states approved the presentation of the presiding officer, Dr. Karl Helfferich, the secretary of the German imperial treasury, regarding Germany's financial situation.

The war loan and taxation and other measures to be submitted at the meeting of the reichstag, including gains from the manufacture of war materials, were also discussed.

All the ministers present agreed that Germany's financial situation was most favorable and that the nation was retained to pursue the retreating Zapatitats, who were overtaken at Tialpam and defeated.

"At 10 o'clock on the morning of July 11 the constitutionalist forces under Gen. Machuca entered Mexico City, only to find that the officials of the so-called convention government had fied in panic to Cuernavaca. At once Gen. Gonzales issued a manifesto, made public yesterday, with regard to the conduct of the city during the period of pacification and readjustment. We also issued the decree of amnesty for all military and civil offenders. In the four days of fighting the enemy's

TO RENEW BATTLE

ONE CENT.

Occupies Strong Position on **Heights While Teutons Are** Being Reinforced.

NEXT GREAT OFFENSIVE MAY BE IN THE WEST

Doubt as to Which Side Will Take Initiative Adds to the Interest.

TURKS REPORTED WAR WEARY

Talk of Separate Peace Accompanied by News That Germans Are Adding to Defenses of Con-

stantinople.

LONDON, July 14, 12:35 p.m. -For more than a week now the Austro-German offensive in Galicia and Poland has been hanging fire, while the Russians, their center having fallen back on a more advantageous line in the heights to the north of Krasnik, apparently are awaiting the next move of the Teutonic forces.

Fresh ammunition and reinforcements may bring a sudden revival of activity in this war theater, but meantime the western front, by reason of the uncertainty as to which side plans a general offensive, will offer the greatest possibilities of interesting developments.

German Adventure Costly.

The French claim their front in the Argonne forest, after being dented by violent attack made by the army of the strength of the offensive at this point leads the British press to speculate whether the Argonne or the Weevre districts will not be selected for a general German offensive rather than

the battlegrounds in Flanders Germans Claim Big Gain.

The German official statement issued hotable results. It is known as the board of ordnance and fortifications, and to it go suggestions for new devices from the army personnel or from civilians. It was from this board that Prof. Langley obtained the money with which he built his heavier-than-air which he built his heavier-than-air company now in this city nearly a specific property of the Remington Arms to which had been in conflict with German today in Berlin announces that German objected in Mexico City and Aguasca-line, which had been in conflict with German today in Berlin announces that German of the Mexico City and Aguasca-line, which had been in conflict with German today in Berlin announces that German of the Mexico City and Aguasca-line, which had been in conflict with German today in Berlin announces that German of the Mexico City and Aguasca-line, the dispatch added, was expected to be established soon. There were no advices on the reported captured today by the Tribune from the conflict with German today in Berlin announces that German of the Mexico City and Aguasca-line, the dispatch added, was expected to be established soon. There were no advices on the reported captured today in Berlin announces that German of the with German or the city in the control of the Argonne for the According to statements by representatives of the Remington Arms the city nearly a were no advices on the reported captured two miles of the Argonne for the Argonne for the According to statements by representatives of the Remington Arms the city nearly and the control of the Argonne for th Germans claim they made 2,581 prisoners, took two field cannon and ren-

dered eight-cannon useless. Today's official statement from Paris says German attacks in the Argonne were "definitely stopped." German at Paris reports, were repulsed. There was trench-to-trench fighting with hand grenades, mine battles and heavy artillery engagements at several points vantage to either side.

Talk of Peace for Turkey.

Many reports from Balkan sources evive the rumors that Turkey is weary of war and anxious for a separate Though none of the reports finds confirmation, some sections of the British press profess to believe that they are not improbable, in that Turkey is beginning to feel the pinch of ammunition shortage in the Darda nelles by virtue of Rumania's refusal o allow munitions to cross her borders.

Lemberg University Reopened. BERLIN, July 14.-By wireless to

Sayville.—A dispatch from Lemberg to the Overseas News Agency says that of pacification and readjustment. We talso issued the decree of amnesty for tall military and civil offenders. In the four days of fighting the enemy's losses were more than 3,000 killed and many more wounded and missing."

The Overseas News Jegency says that the theory is the occupation of the Galician capital by Austro-Hungarian forces, has been reopened and that the teachers and students have begun a regular by the occupation of the Galician capital by Austro-Hungarian forces, has been resulted to the control of the Calician capital by Austro-Hungarian forces, has been resulted to the control of the Calician capital by Austro-Hungarian forces, has been resulted to the control of the Calician capital by Austro-Hungarian forces, has been resulted to the control of the Calician capital by Austro-Hungarian forces, has been resulted to the control of the Calician capital by Austro-Hungarian forces, has been resulted to the control of the Calician capital by Austro-Hungarian forces, has been resulted to the control of the Calician capital by Austro-Hungarian forces, has been resulted to the control of the Calician capital by Austro-Hungarian forces, has been resulted to the control of the Calician capital by Austro-Hungarian forces, has been resulted to the control of the Calician capital by Austro-Hungarian forces, has been resulted to the control of the Calician capital by Austro-Hungarian forces, has been resulted to the control of the Calician capital by Austro-Hungarian forces, has been resulted to the control of the Calician capital by Austro-Hungarian forces, has been resulted to the control of the Calician capital by Austro-Hungarian forces, has been resulted to the control of the Calician capital by Austro-Hungarian forces, has been resulted to the control of the Calician capital by Austro-Hungarian forces, has been resulted to the control of the Calician capital by Austro-Hungarian forces, has been resulted to the control of the Calician capital by Austro-Hungarian forces, has been resulted to the contro